

School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania Bucks County

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Change In Accounting Principle

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the District changed its method of accounting for other postemployment benefits as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the School District of Borough of Morrisville's 2017 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on those audited financial statements in our report dated January 18, 2018. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension plan contributions – PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and OPEB plan contributions – PSERS on pages 3 through 13 and 48 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District of Borough of Morrisville' basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018 on our consideration of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BBD, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial performance of the School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial performance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

DISTRICT PROFILE

The District consists of two schools – one elementary and an intermediate/high school consisting of approximately 1,040 students including those attending the Bucks County Tech High School and other out-of-District placements. The District is located in southeastern Bucks County and encompasses a total land area of 1.8 square miles. The District borders the Delaware River to the east, the Township of Falls to the south and west, and the Township of Lower Makefield to the north, and lies approximately 20 miles northeast of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The District employs approximately 137 full and part-time employees. The teaching staff and administration consists of 73 professionals.

The mission of the District is to prepare confident students who are knowledgeable and capable of utilizing academic and social skills necessary to thrive in a complex society by providing a superior education in a stimulating, secure environment through the effective use of challenging instructional strategies, technology and extra-curricular activities that are designed to meet the needs of individual students, capitalizing upon its unique position as a small district within a large area rich in historic and cultural resources.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• Effective 2017-2018, the District was required to comply with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The major impact of GASB Statement No. 75 is to present, on the Statement of Financial Position (Deficit), certain items related to the District's proportionate liability from its participation in the Commonwealth's Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS") healthcare insurance premium assistance program, which was not required to be presented in the prior years. Consequently, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 resulted in an increase in the deficit in the District's unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2018. For consistency purposes, the June 30, 2017 Statement of Net Position (Deficit) has been restated in the financial statements as if GASB Statement No. 75 had been applied, retroactively.

Elements of GASB Statement No. 75 included within the Statement of Net Position include actuarially determined liabilities for other postemployment benefits single and cost sharing multiple-employer plans of \$426,804 and \$1,134,838, respectively, and deferred outflows of \$173,256 (primarily changes in actuarial assumptions under the new standard and contributions subsequent to the measurement date – an effective reduction of the liability) and deferred inflows of \$138,644 (difference between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions, to be recognized as a future reduction in OPEB expense – an effective increase in the liability until fully recognized).

- On a government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceed the assets and deferred outflows of resources resulting in a deficit in total net position at the close of the 2017-2018 fiscal year of \$19,590,943. During the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the District had a decrease in total net position of \$1,111,437. The net position of governmental activities decreased by \$1,119,075 and net position of business-type activities increased by \$7,638.
- The General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$1,755,889, bringing the cumulative balance to \$810,253 at the conclusion of the 2017-2018 fiscal year.
- At June 30, 2018, the General Fund fund balance includes \$501,260 committed for the payments of early retirement incentive benefits and compensated absences, \$205,993 committed for employer retirement and healthcare rate stabilization and unassigned amounts of \$103,000 or 0.50% of the \$20,598,107 2018-2019 General Fund expenditure budget. This is in compliance with guidelines prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education ("PDE") which allows the District to maintain an unassigned maximum General Fund fund balance of 8% of the following year's expenditure budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

On December 28, 2017, the District issued \$7,125,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2017. The proceeds
of the bonds were used and will be used to finance the designing, renovating, furnishing, and equipping of health,
life safety, Americans with Disabilities Act and code items at the Morrisville Intermediate/High School and
Grandview Elementary School.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial condition of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, the reader will need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, support services, maintenance, transportation and administration.

Business-Type Activities

The District charges fees to cover the costs of its food services program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 14 and 15 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are included in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental near-term financing decisions. Both the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for each of the two major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 16 through 19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Food Service Fund is reported as an enterprise fund of the proprietary fund type. The Internal Service Fund is used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage. Because an Internal Service Fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 20 through 22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, consisting of scholarship and student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Pages 25 through 47 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which consists of the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension plan contributions-PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and OPEB plan contributions-PSERS.

The required supplementary information can be found on Pages 48 through 53 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the close of the 2017-2018 fiscal year the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$19,590,943. The following table presents condensed information for the *Statement of Net Position (Deficit)* of the District at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Goverı Acti	Busines Activ	• •	Totals		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
ASSETS Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 9,656,466 9,043,433	\$ 5,175,387 8,317,889	\$86,742 10,065	\$77,362 12,406	\$ 9,473,208 9,053,498	\$ 5,252,749 8,330,295
Total assets	18,699,899	13,493,276	96,807	89,768	18,796,706	13,583,044
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,230,691	4,008,158			6,230,691	4,008,158
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	1,651,844 41,773,409	1,514,354 33,876,959	72,443 	73,042 	1,724,287 41,773,409	1,587,396 33,876,959
Total liabilities	43,425,253	35,391,313	72,443	73,042	43,497,696	35,464,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,120,644	606,353			1,120,644	606,353
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	3,143,705 189,029 (22,948,221)	2,506,833 583,836 (21,586,901)	10,065 - 	12,406 - <u>4,320</u>	3,153,770 189,209 (22,933,922)	2,519,239 583,836 (21,582,581)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$(19,615,307</u>)	<u>\$(18,496,232</u>)	<u>\$24,364</u>	<u>\$16,726</u>	<u>\$(19,590,943</u>)	<u>\$(18,479,506)</u>

The District's total assets as of June 30, 2018 were \$18,976,706 of which \$8,225,951 or 43.35% consisted of cash and \$9,053,498 or 47.71% consisted of the District's investment in capital assets. The District's total liabilities as of June 30, 2018 were \$43,497,696 of which \$12,198,245 or 28.04% consisted of general obligation debt used to acquire and construct capital assets and \$27,509,342 or 63.24% consisted of the actuarially determined net pension liability.

The District had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$22,933,922 at June 30, 2018. The District's unrestricted net position decreased by \$1,351,341 during 2017-2018 primarily due to the current results of operations.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its restricted net position which totaled \$189,209 as of June 30, 2018. All of the District's restricted net position related to amounts restricted for capital expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's net investment in capital assets increased by \$634,531 because the debt used to acquire the capital assets was being repaid faster than the District's capital assets were being depreciated and capital assets were acquired with funding other than long-term debt.

The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Activities of the District for 2018 and 2017:

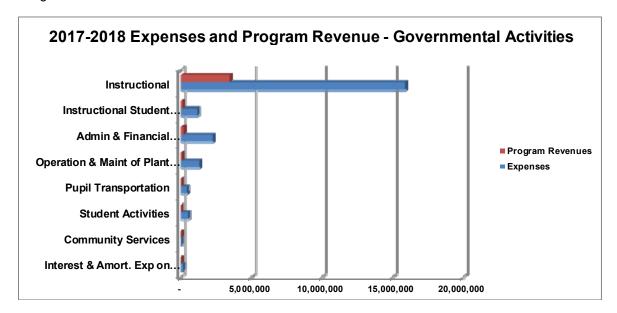
	Governmental Activities		Busine:	Totals						
	20)1 <u>8</u>		2017	2018	2017	20	18		2017
REVENUES										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$	32,642	\$	65,212	\$109,703	\$112,689	\$ 14	2,345	\$	177,901
Operating grants and										
contributions	3,9	77,661		3,851,960	353,662	326,261	4,33	1,323	4	4,178,221
Capital grants and										
contributions		-		-	-	-		-		-
General revenues										
Property taxes levied for										
general purposes		45,940	1	1,660,452	-	-		5,940	11	1,660,452
Other taxes	1	83,666		180,049	-	-	18	3,666		180,049
Grants and entitlements not										
restricted to specific										
programs		19,027		4,506,521	-	-		9,027	4	4,506,521
Investment earnings		32,539		43,063	-	-		2,539		
Gain on sale of capital assets	1	<u>81,297</u>					18	<u>1,297</u>		43,063
Total revenues	20,8	<u>72,772</u>	_2	0,307,257	463,365	438,950	21,33	<u>6,137</u>	_20	0,746,207
EXPENSES										
Instruction	15.8	69,580	1	4,756,616	_	_	15,86	9 580	1,	4,756,616
Instructional student support	10,0	03,000		4,730,010			15,00	3,300		4,730,010
services	12	30,253		1,138,986	_	_	1 23	0,253		1,138,986
Administrative and financial	1,2	00,200		1,100,000			1,20	0,200		1,100,000
support services	22	80,121		2,003,090	_	_	2 28	0,121		2,003,090
Operation and maintenance	۷,۷	00,121		2,000,000			2,20	0,121	-	2,000,000
of plant services	1.3	65,636		1,493,577	_	_	1.36	5,636		1,493,577
Pupil transportation		54,038		444,315	_	_		4,038		444,315
Student activities		36,430		524,281	_	_		6,430		524,281
Community services		54,266		41,818	_	_		4,266		41,818
Interest and amortization expense		04,200		41,010			U	4,200		41,010
related to noncurrent liabilities	1	75,068		77,362	_	_		_		77,362
Food service					482,182	509,749	48	2,182		509,749
			_						_	
Total expenses	21,9	<u>65,392</u>	_2	0,480,045	482,182	509,749	22,44	7,574	_20	0,989,794
Change in net position (deficit) before transfers	(1,0	92,620)	(172,788)	(18,817)	(70,799)	(1,11	1,437)		(243,587)
Transfers	(26,455)	(66,400)	26,455	66,400				<u> </u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ (1,1</u>	<u>19,075</u>) <u>\$</u>	(239,188)	<u>\$ 7,638</u>	<u>\$ (4,399)</u>	<u>\$(1,11</u>	<u>1,437</u>)	\$	(243,587)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

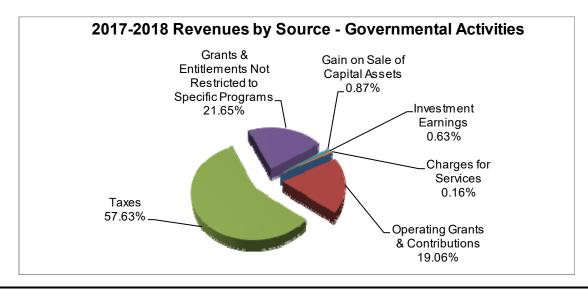
June 30, 2018

During 2017-2018 the District's financial position decreased by \$1,111,437, in part due to increased medical costs, pension contributions, state-mandated programs and negotiated contracts. Management of the District continues to aggressively implement expense efficiency measures and revenue-generating strategies to combat these factors. In the governmental activities, the District's assessed tax base drives the majority of the revenue generated. The District consists solely of the Borough of Morrisville which has little commercial or industrial tax revenue and limited opportunity to expand its property tax base.

The Statement of Activities provides detail that focuses on how the District finances its services. The Statement of Activities compares the costs of the District functions and programs with the resources those functions and programs generate themselves in the form of program revenues. As demonstrated by the following graph, all of the District's governmental activities are not self-supporting, raising enough program revenue to cover their costs, as most traditional governmental services are not.



To the degree that the District's functions or programs cost more than they raise, the *Statement of Activities* shows how the District chose to finance the difference through general revenues. The following chart shows that the District relies on tax revenues and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs to finance its governmental activities.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

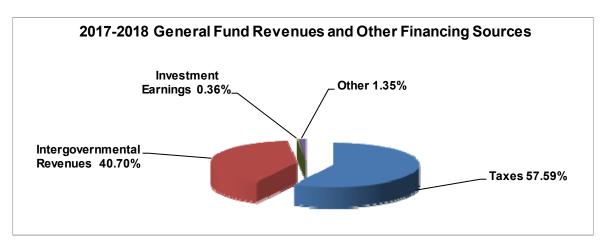
The governmental fund financial statements provide detailed information of the District's major funds. Some funds are required to be established by State statute while other funds are established by the District to manage monies restricted for a specific purpose. As of June 30, 2018, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,297,979 which is an increase of \$4,148,001 from the prior year. The following table summarizes the District's total governmental fund balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the total 2018 change in governmental fund balances.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>
General Fund	\$ 810,253	\$2,566,142	\$(1,755,889)
Capital Projects Fund	<u>6,487,726</u>	<u>583,836</u>	5,903,890
	<u>\$7,297,979</u>	\$3,149,978	\$ 4,148,001

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. At the conclusion of the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the General Fund fund balance was \$810,253 representing a decrease of \$1,755,889 in relation to the prior year. The decrease in the District's General Fund fund balance is due to many factors. The following analysis has been provided to assist the reader in understanding the financial activities of the General Fund during the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the graph below that indicates 57.59% of General Fund revenues are derived from local taxes.



General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Taxes	\$12,023,911	\$11,986,396	\$ 37,515	0.31
Intergovernmental revenues	8,496,688	8,358,482	138,206	1.65
Investment earnings	74,581	40,834	33,747	82.64
Transfers in	-	567	(567)	(100.00)
Other	282,490	108,194	<u>174,296</u>	<u>161.10</u>
	<u>\$20,877,670</u>	\$20,494,473	<u>\$383,197</u>	1.87

Tax revenue increased by \$37,515 or 0.31% primarily due to a real estate tax millage increase of 1.72%; which was offset by a decrease in delinquent real estate tax collections in 2017-2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

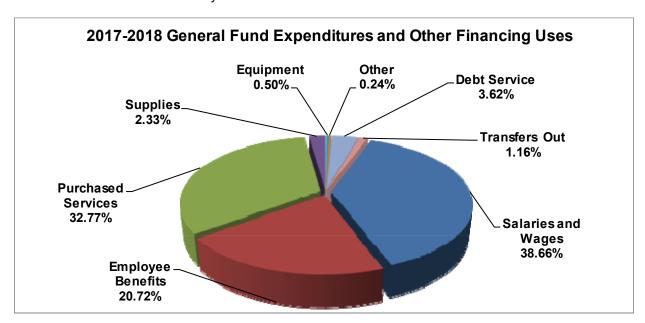
June 30, 2018

Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$138,206 or 1.65% in 2017-2018 when compared to 2016-2017, primarily due to increased funding received for the State retirement subsidy which increased commensurate with the employer annual contribution percentage and an increase in the State funding for basic education.

Investment earnings increased by \$33,747 or 82.64% due to increased interest rates earned on deposits and investments in 2017-2018 when compared to 2016-2017.

Other revenue in 2017-2018 included \$235,000 related to the sale of the M.R. Reiter Elementary School.

As the graph below illustrates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and benefits. The District is an educational service entity and as such is labor intensive.



General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 8,750,392	\$ 7,985,070	\$ 765,322	9.58
Employee benefits	4,690,562	4,046,349	644,213	15.92
Purchased services	7,416,322	6,326,108	1,090,214	17.23
Supplies	527,100	626,465	(89,365)	(14.50)
Equipment	112,658	125,227	(12,569)	(10.04)
Other	55,119	63,518	(8,399)	(13.22)
Debt service	819,951	758,446	61,505	8.11
Transfers out	<u>261,455</u>	666,400	<u>(404,945</u>)	<u>(60.77</u>)
	<u>\$22,633,559</u>	\$20,597,583	<u>\$2,045,976</u>	9.94

In 2017-2018, salaries and wages increased \$765,322, which is a 9.58% increase from 2016-2017 as a result of (1) scheduled salary increases within the District's collective bargaining agreements; and (2) the addition of three business office positions which were previously contracted positions in addition to positions added for a gym teacher, an art teacher, a middle school counselor, two custodians and a librarian.

Employee benefits increased by \$644,213 or 15.92% in 2017-2018 compared to 2016-2017. This is in part due to the additional staff, but is primarily due to the 8.46% increase (PSERS employer share increase from 30.03% in 2016-2017 to 32.57% in 2017-2018) in the State-mandated employer share pension contributions. In addition, the District saw an increase in its healthcare premiums and claims.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation activity associated with the District's building and major equipment purchases. The Capital Projects Fund receives the majority of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During 2017-2018, the Capital Projects fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$5,903,890 as a result of current year General Fund transfers and the issuance of general obligation debt in excess of capital expenditures. The remaining fund balance of \$6,487,726 as of June 30, 2018 is restricted for future capital expenditures.

On December 28, 2017, the District issued \$7,125,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2017. The proceeds of the bonds were used and will be used to finance the designing, renovating, furnishing, and equipping of health, life safety, Americans with Disabilities Act and code items at the Morrisville Intermediate/High School and Grandview Elementary School

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District maintains its financial records and prepares its financial reports on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District budgets and expends funds according to procedures mandated by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. An annual operating budget is prepared by management and submitted to the School Board for approval prior to the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1 each year. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$140,470 or 0.67% less than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,761,663 or 8.44% more than budgeted amounts resulting in a net overall negative variance of \$1,902,133.

Revenues were less than budget primarily because of less than anticipated receipt of delinquent real estate taxes within local and less than anticipated grant funding through the 21st Century Community Learning Centers due to timing of final grant award for Cohort 9, while expenditures were more than budget primarily due to unanticipated special education costs related to contracted services and tuition to outside education agencies.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES AND FOOD SERVICE FUND

The net position of the business-type activities and food service fund increased by \$7,638. As of June 30, 2018, the business-type activities and proprietary fund had net position of \$24,364.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital asset for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$9,053,498 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$723,203 or 8.68%. Current year capital additions were \$1,237,010 and depreciation expense and the net book value of the disposed of capital assets was \$513,807. Current year additions consisted of renovations and improvements to Morrisville Intermediate/High School and Grandview Elementary School consistent with the District's capital improvement plan.

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt of \$12,198,245 consisting of \$10,980,000 in bonds payable, \$638,000 in notes payable and \$580,245 in deferred credits. The entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior obligation debt. The District's general obligation debt increased by \$6,387,189 or 109.91% during the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

On December 28, 2017, the District issued \$7,125,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2017. The proceeds of the bonds were used and will be used to finance the designing, renovating, furnishing, and equipping of health, life safety, Americans with Disabilities Act and code items at the Morrisville Intermediate/High School and Grandview Elementary School

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue up to 225% of its borrowing base capacity which is calculated as the annual arithmetic average of the total revenues for the preceding three fiscal years. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$12,198,245 is within the current debt limitation of the District which was \$44,857,847 as of June 30, 2018.

The District reports its allocated portion of its defined benefit unfunded benefit obligation related to its participation in the Pennsylvania State Employee Retirement System ("PSERS"). The District's allocated portion of the net pension liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the pension plan obligation which totaled \$27,509,342 as of June 30, 2018. The District's net pension liability increased by \$1,492,342 or 5.42% during the fiscal year.

The District reports a liability for its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related to its single employer OPEB plan and its participation in the PSERS health insurance premium assistance program. The District's OPEB liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the OPEB obligation which totaled \$1,561,642 as of June 30, 2018. The District's OPEB liability decreased by \$78,825 or 4.81% during the fiscal year.

Other noncurrent liabilities consist of the District's liabilities for compensated absences and early retirement incentive plans which totaled \$504,180 as of June 30, 2018. These liabilities increased by \$95,744 or 23.44% during the fiscal year.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- In 2006, Act 1 was passed which repealed Act 72, which provides taxpayer relief through gambling revenues generated at the State level. The intent of this legislation is to provide a mechanism to relieve the burden of funding public education from property owners. This new legislation has put a "ceiling" on the percentage increase of local real estate taxes that can be levied year-to-year in order to balance the school district budget. Pennsylvania school districts are now required to either change their taxing strategies to make up for the shortfall of increased real estate tax refunds or seek the taxpayers' approval through back-end referendum to increase taxes higher than the approved index. This law puts an already increased burden on the District's revenue stream in future years. This legislation introduces certain new requirements on school districts which include the following:
 - That in the event a school district wishes to increase the property tax millage rate by more than an index annually prescribed by the state (2.90% for School District of Borough of Morrisville for 2018-2019), the school district must seek voter approval (known commonly as a "back-end referendum") prior to implementing the millage rate increase. In the event voters do not approve the millage rate increase, the school district must limit its millage rate increase to the index.
 - Certain exceptions are provided under Act 1 that, if approved by the appropriate authority, may permit
 increases above the Act 1 index without the need for a back-end referendum. Typically, these exceptions
 relate to emergencies and cost increases in excess of the Act 1 index (e.g., retirement system contributions)
 over which the school district has no control.
 - Any revenues distributed under the provisions of Act 1 are to be used for the purpose of reducing property taxes for homesteaders and farmsteaders. (Act 1 permitted slot machine gambling in Pennsylvania.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2018

- In November 2010 and, again, in 2017 legislation was signed into law to implement a series of actuarial and funding changes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS"). The 2017 law will not take effect until July of 2019. The law will change the pension plans for all new hires effective July 1, 2019. It does not impact the pension benefits of current or retired PSERS members. Based on available projections, school districts will not see relief from the new legislation until 10-20 years in the future. The employer contribution rate for 2019-2020 is projected at 34.79%. Currently, the employer contribution rate for 2018-2019 is 33.43%.
- The District adopted a balanced 2018-2019 budget totaling \$20,598,107 which used \$479,302 of General Fund fund balance as of June 30, 2018 to balance the budget and the real estate tax millage was increased by 2.90%.
- The District's collective bargaining agreements with the Morrisville Education Association expires at the conclusion of the 2022-2023 school year while the Morrisville Educational Support Personnel Association expires at the conclusion of the 2019-2020 school year.
- The District was the recipient of a legislative grant in the amount of \$1,000,000 for the 2016-2017 and 2017-2018 school years. The grant is designed to offset current program cost allocations from the General Fund budget, and to allow the District to make capital improvements that would have had to be funded through an Act 1 referendum or additional debt service. The District does anticipate receiving this grant in subsequent years and has submitted its grant request for 2018-2019, however, due to the discretionary nature of the grant, it will not be anticipated as revenue in proposed future General Fund budgets.
- The volatility of special education and charter school expenses continue to be a concern in terms of planning and forecasting of future expenditures.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Administrator, School District of Borough of Morrisville, 550 West Palmer Street, Morrisville, PA 19067-2195.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Governmental	Business-type	Tot	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Activities	Activities	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
CURRENT ASSETS	A 0.004.554	# 04 400	Φ 0.005.054	* 0.000.007
Cash Investments	\$ 8,201,551	\$ 24,400	\$ 8,225,951	\$ 3,268,837 748,000
Taxes receivable	- 618,246	-	618,246	592,124
Due from other governments	597,576	55,398	652,974	516,532
Other receivables	8,952	-	8,952	38,773
Prepaid expenses	230,141	-	230,141	83,474
Inventories		6,944	6,944	5,009
Total current assets	9,656,466	86,742	9,743,208	5,252,749
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital assets, net	9,043,433	10,065	9,053,498	8,330,295
Total assets	18,699,899	96,807	18,796,706	13,583,044
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charges OPEB - single employer Deferred charges on proportionate share of OPEB -	48,105	-	48,105	-
PSERS Deferred charges on proportionate share of pension -	125,151	-	125,151	60,758
PSERS	6,057,435		6,057,435	3,947,400
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,230,691		6,230,691	4,008,158
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
CURRENT LIABILITIES	341,022	72,443	413,465	389,540
Accounts payable Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits	1,263,002	72,443	1,263,002	1,175,616
Other liabilities	14,156	-	14,156	14,261
Accrued interest payable	33,664		33,664	7,979
Total current liabilities	1,651,844	72,443	1,724,287	1,587,396
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Due within one year	834,438	-	834,438	739,663
Due in more than one year	40,938,971		40,938,971	33,137,296
Total noncurrent liabilities	41,773,409		41,773,409	33,876,959
Total liabilities	43,425,253	72,443	43,497,696	35,464,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred credits OPEB - single employer Deferred credits on proportionate share of OPEB -	85,644	-	85,644	91,353
PSERS Deferred credits on proportionate share of pension -	53,000	-	53,000	-
PSERS	982,000		982,000	515,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,120,644		1,120,644	606,353
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets	3,143,705	10,065	3,153,770	2,519,239
Restricted	189,209	-	189,209	583,836
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,948,221)	14,299	(22,933,922)	(21,582,581)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (19,615,307)	\$ 24,364	\$ (19,590,943)	\$ (18,479,506)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position (Deficit)				۸.		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	Tot	als
	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						_		
Instruction	\$ 15,869,580	\$ 28,504	\$3,429,358	\$ -	\$ (12,411,718)	\$ -		\$ (11,303,913)
Instructional student support services Administrative and financial support	1,230,253	-	142,549	-	(1,087,704)	-	(1,087,704)	(1,021,477)
services	2,280,121	-	209,629	-	(2,070,492)	-	(2,070,492)	(1,850,517)
Operation and maintenance of plant								
services	1,365,636	1,000	90,990	-	(1,273,646)	-	(1,273,646)	(1,398,575)
Pupil transportation	454,038	-	56,990	-	(397,048)	-	(397,048)	(397,090)
Student activities	536,430	3,138	36,439	-	(496,853)	-	(496,853)	(491,944)
Community services	54,266	-	-	-	(54,266)	-	(54,266)	(41,818)
Interest and amortization expense	475.000		44 700		(400,000)		(400,000)	(57.500)
related to noncurrent liabilities	175,068		11,706		(163,362)		(163,362)	(57,539)
Total governmental activities	21,965,392	32,642	3,977,661		(17,955,089)		(17,955,089)	(16,562,873)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	482,182	109,703	353,662			(18,817)	(18,817)	(70,799)
Total primary government	\$22,447,574	\$142,345	\$4,331,323	\$ -	(17,955,089)	(18,817)	(17,973,906)	(16,633,672)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes levied for general purposes					11,845,940	-	11,845,940	11,660,452
Other taxes					183,666	-	183,666	180,049
Grants and entitlements not restricted to								
specific programs					4,519,027	-	4,519,027	4,506,521
Investment earnings					132,539	-	132,539	43,063
Gain on sale of capital assets					181,297	-	181,297	-
TRANSFERS					(26,455)	26,455		
Total general revenues and transfers					16,836,014	26,455	16,862,469	16,390,085
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT))				(1,119,075)	7,638	(1,111,437)	(243,587)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					(40, 400, 000)	40.700	(40.470.500)	(40.005.040)
Beginning of year					(18,496,232)	<u>16,726</u>	(18,479,506)	(18,235,919)
End of year					<u>\$ (19,615,307</u>)	<u>\$ 24,364</u>	<u>\$ (19,590,943</u>)	<u>\$ (18,479,506</u>)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Major Funds					
	Capital		Totals			
	General Fund	Projects Fund	2018	2017		
ASSETS			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Cash	\$ 1,708,287	\$6,493,264	\$ 8,201,551	\$ 3,245,488		
Investments	-	-	-	748,000		
Taxes receivable	618,246	-	618,246	592,124		
Due from other governments	597,576	-	597,576	467,528		
Other receivables	8,952		8,952	38,773		
Total assets	\$2,933,061	\$6,493,264	\$9,426,325	\$5,091,913		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 335,484	\$ 5,538	\$ 341,022	\$ 316,498		
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits	1,263,002	ψ 5,550 -	1,263,002	1,106,705		
Other liabilities	14,156	_	14,156	14,261		
Total liabilities	1,612,642	5,538	1,618,180	1,437,464		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	510,166		510,166	504,471		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for						
Capital projects	-	6,487,726	6,487,726	583,836		
Committed to				500,000		
Capital projects Early retirement incentive	187,600	-	- 187,600	97,000		
Compensated absences	313,660	_	313,660	311,436		
Employer retirement and healthcare rate	0.0,000		0.10,000	0,.00		
stabilization	205,993	-	205,993	705,806		
Special education contingency	-	-	-	850,000		
Unassigned	103,000		103,000	101,900		
Total fund balances	810,253	6,487,726	7,297,979	3,149,978		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,933,061	\$6,493,264	\$ 9,426,325	\$5,091,913		

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2018

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	7,297,979
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		9,043,433
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.		510,166
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are not reported as assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.		5,110,047
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(41,773,409)
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is included in the statement of net position (deficit), but is excluded from the governmental funds balance sheet until due and payable.		(33,664)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities on the government-		
wide statement of net position (deficit).	_	230,141
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (19,615,307)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Major Funds			
	Capital		Totals	
	General Fund	Projects Fund	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> 2010</u>	<u> 2011</u>
Local sources	\$ 12,145,982	\$ 57,958	\$ 12,203,940	\$ 12,147,500
State sources	7,547,633	-	7,547,633	7,266,824
Federal sources	949,055		949,055	1,081,811
Total revenues	20,642,670	57,958	20,700,628	20,496,135
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	15,656,992	155,610	15,812,602	13,905,939
Support services	5,282,363	785,475	6,067,838	4,728,403
Operation of noninstructional services	590,328	-	590,328	535,503
Facilities acquisition, construction		E20 240	E20 240	122 100
and improvement services Debt service	838,311	528,210 -	528,210 838,311	132,100 759,278
Total expenditures	22,367,994	1,469,295	23,837,289	20,061,223
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(1,725,324)	(1,411,337)	(3,136,661)	434,912
	(:,:==,==:)	(:,:::,:::)	(0,:00,00:)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Refund of prior year receipts	(4,110)	-	(4,110)	(2,060)
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	235,000	-	235,000	-
Issuance of debt	-	7,125,000	7,125,000	-
Bond discounts	-	(44,773)	(44,773)	-
Transfers in	(004.455)	235,000	235,000	600,567
Transfers out	(261,455)		(261,455)	(666,967)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(30,565)	7,315,227	7,284,662	(68,460)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,755,889)	5,903,890	4,148,001	366,452
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	2,566,142	583,836	3,149,978	2,783,526
End of year	\$ 810,253	\$ 6,487,726	\$ 7,297,979	\$ 3,149,978

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2018

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 4,148,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense and the net book value of disposed of capital assets in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures	\$ 1,237,010	
Depreciation expense Net book value of disposed of capital assets	(457,763) (53,703)	725,544
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount this year.		
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2017 Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2018	(504,471) 510,166	5,695
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayment of bonds and notes payable	638,000	
Issuance of bonds payable	(7,125,000)	
Payment of bond discounts	44,773	(2.22= .22)
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	55,038	(6,387,189)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Current year change in accrued interest payable	(25,685)	
Current year change in early retirement incentive	(90,600)	
Current year change in compensated absences	(5,144)	
Current year change in net pension liability - PSERS and	450,000	
deferred outflows and inflows Current year change in OPEB liability - single employer and	150,693	
deferred outflows and inflows	136,633	
Current year change in net OPEB liability - PSERS and	.00,000	
deferred outflows and inflows	7,399	173,296
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is included in the governmental activities on the		
government-wide statement of net position (deficit).		215,578
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (1,119,075)
Soo accompanying notes		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service		tals
ASSETS	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Due from other governments Prepaid expenses Inventories	\$ 24,400 55,398 - 6,944	\$ - 230,141	\$ 24,400 55,398 230,141 6,944	\$ 23,349 49,004 83,474 5,009
Total current assets	86,742	230,141	316,883	160,836
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net Total assets		230,141	10,065 326,948	12,406 173,242
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Insurance claims payable	72,443 - 	- - -	72,443 - 	73,042 - 68,911
Total liabilities	72,443		72,443	141,953
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	10,065 14,299	- _230,141	10,065 244,440	12,406 18,883
Total net position	\$24,364	\$230,141	\$ 254,505	\$ 31,289

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	ale
	Fund	Fund	2018	2017
OPERATING REVENUES			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Charges for services	\$ 109,703	\$1,217,410	\$1,327,113	\$1,450,098
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	182,981	-	182,981	189,563
Employee benefits	57,828	1,001,832	1,059,660	1,497,394
Purchased services	36,684	-	36,684	85,076
Supplies	202,046	-	202,046	219,583
Other	302	-	302	-
Depreciation	2,341		2,341	2,681
Total operating expenses	482,182	1,001,832	1,484,014	1,994,297
Operating income (loss)	(372,479)	215,578	(156,901)	(544,199)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
State sources	14,683	-	14,683	13,579
Federal sources	338,979		338,979	312,682
Total nonoperating revenues	353,662		353,662	326,261
Change in net position before transfers	(18,817)	215,578	196,761	(217,938)
Transfers in	26,455		26,455	66,400
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,638	215,578	223,216	(151,538)
NET POSITION Beginning of year	16,726	14,563	31,289	182,827
End of year	\$ 24,364	\$ 230,141	\$ 254,505	\$ 31,289

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash received from customers	\$ 109,703	\$ -	\$ 109,703	\$ 112,689
Cash received for assessments made to other funds	-	1,217,410	1,217,410	1,473,201
Cash payments for operating expenses	(463,526)	-	(463,526)	(591,628)
Cash payments for insurance claims	<u> </u>	(1,217,410)	(1,217,410)	(1,422,100)
Net cash used for operating activities	(353,823)		(353,823)	(427,838)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
State sources	14,359	-	14,359	13,301
Federal sources	314,060	-	314,060	284,492
Transfers in	26,455		26,455	66,400
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	354,874		354,874	364,193
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,051	-	1,051	(63,645)
CASH				
Beginning of year	23,349	-	23,349	86,994
End of year	\$ 24,400	\$ -	\$ 24,400	\$ 23,349
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (372,479)	\$ 215,578	\$ (156,901)	\$ (544,199)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used for operating activities				
Depreciation	2,341	-	2,341	2,681
Donated commodities used	18,848	-	18,848	24,199
(Increase) decrease in Prepaid expenses Due from other funds	-	(146,667)	(146,667)	135,792 666
Inventories	(1,934)	-	(1,934)	(75)
Increase (decrease) in	(1,001)		(1,001)	(1.5)
Accounts payable	(599)	_	(599)	(24,174)
Insurance claims payable	-	(68,911)	(68,911)	11,347
Due to other funds				(34,075)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (353,823)	\$ -	\$ (353,823)	\$ (427,838)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Noncash noncapital financing activity				
USDA donated commodities	\$ 18,848	\$ -	\$ 18,848	\$ 24,199

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	Private- Purpose <u>Trust</u>	<u>Agency</u>
ASSETS Cash	<u>\$25,445</u>	\$39,781
LIABILITIES Due to student groups	<u> </u>	\$39,781
NET POSITION Net assets held in trust for scholarships	\$25,44 <u>5</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2018 with summarized comparative totals for 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	
	2018	2017
ADDITIONS Local contributions	\$ 2,534	\$ 717
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships awarded and fees paid	3,188	605
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(654)	112
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year	26,099	25,987
End of year	\$25,445	\$26,099

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") operates one elementary school and an intermediate/high school to provide education and related services to the residents of the Borough of Morrisville. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member board form of government (the "School Board").

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

Reporting Entity

GASB has established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared as further defined below. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position (deficit) presents the financial position of the District which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified in one of three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. The net position of the District is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The statement of net position (deficit) includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition, construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in connection with receivables for tax revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Other receipts are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, special termination benefits, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Proprietary Funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues and costs of providing meals to students during the school year.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary funds include payroll, employee benefits, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for the assets held by the District as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations and/or governmental units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District accounts for these assets in a private-purpose trust and agency fund. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. The agency fund accounts for funds held on behalf of the students in the District. The measurement focus and basis of accounting for the private-purpose trust is the same as for proprietary funds, while the agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices, except for certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Property Taxes

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 – August 31 - Discount period, 2% of gross levy

September 1 – October 31 - Face period

November 1 to collection - Penalty period, 10% of gross levy

January 1 - Lien date

The Bucks County Board of Assessments determines assessed valuations of property, and the District's taxes are billed and collected by a local elected tax collector. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2017-2018 was 200.9687 mills (\$200.9687 or \$1,000 of assessed valuation). The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Taxpayers who have a primary residence within the District have the option of paying in three installments. These installments have the following due dates:

Installment One - August 15
Installment Two - October 15
Installment Three - December 15

The discount (two percent) is not applicable to installment payments; however, the penalty (10 percent) will be added if second and third installments are paid subsequent to the due dates.

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain prepayments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and composite assets of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment (net of salvage value) of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements – 10-50 years; land improvements – 15-20 years and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. If a capital asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment should be measured by the method that most reflects the decline in service utility of the capital asset at the lower of carrying value or fair value for impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the District. No impairment losses were recognized in the year ended June 30, 2018.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and uses. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing costs.

Fund Equity

As prescribed by GASB, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The District reports the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action (e.g., resolution).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Business Administrator or (b) an appointed body (e.g., finance committee) or (c) an official to which the District has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund or the capital projects fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned or unassigned—in order as needed.

The School Board has set a policy to maintain an unassigned General Fund fund balance of not less than 0.50% and a maximum General Fund fund balance of 15% of the following year's expenditure budget. Unassigned General Fund fund balance in excess of 0.50% of the following year's expenditure budget may be appropriated by the School Board for nonrecurring expenditures.

Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund and activity type have not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Summarized comparative information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2017, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", GASB Statement No. 80 "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-amendment of GASB Statement No. 14", GASB Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements", GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73"; GASB Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017" and GASB Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

GASB Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB that they provide. GASB Statement No. 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information ("RSI") about their OPEB liabilities. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability and a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements.

GASB Statement No. 80 amended the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units".

GASB Statement No. 81 required that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, GASB Statement No. 81 required that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. GASB Statement No. 81 required that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 82 addressed issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an actuarial standard of practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

GASB Statement No. 85 established accounting and financial reporting requirements for blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits).

GASB Statement No. 86 established standards of accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—that is, resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of extinguishing debt. GASB Statement No. 86 also amended accounting and financial reporting requirements for prepaid insurance associated with debt that is extinguished, whether through a legal extinguishment or through an insubstance defeasance, regardless of how the cash and other monetary assets were acquired. Finally, GASB Statement No. 86 established an additional disclosure requirement related to debt that is defeased in substance, regardless of how the cash and other monetary assets were acquired. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2019. GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in GASB Statement No. 83.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2019. The objective GASB Statement No. 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB Statement No. 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects fund.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipalities in which it is located, and within 20 days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative offices of the District. Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least 10 days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the School Board.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the School Board is required to file a copy of the budget with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31. Additional copies of the budget also are required to be filed with the House Education Committee and the Senate Education Committee by September 15.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The School Board may make transfers of funds appropriated in any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without approval from the School Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and include the effect of approved budget amendments.

(3) DEPOSITS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$8,291,177 and the bank balance was \$9,296,016. The District is required by state statute to deposit funds in depositories that are either banks, banking institutions or trust companies located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To the extent that such deposits exceed federal insurance, the depositories must pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other political subdivision. Under Act 72 of 1971, as amended, the depositories may meet this collateralization requirement by pooling appropriate securities to cover all public funds on deposit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$193,944 was collateralized by the District's depositories in accordance with Act 72 and the collateral was held by the depositories' agent in pooled public funds. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2018, PLGIT was rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Docrosece	Ending
Capital assets not being depreciated:		<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Construction in progress	<u>\$ 82,995</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 82,995</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Land improvements	17,481,832 860,962	1,156,548	1,142,485 27,290	17,495,895 833,672
Furniture and equipment	850,372	163,547	21,260	992,569
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,193,166	1,320,005	1,191,035	19,322,136
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(9,740,204)	(350,936)	(1,088,782)	(9,002,358)
Land improvements	(689,198)	(17,600)	(27,290)	(679,508)
Furniture and equipment	(528,870)	<u>(89,227</u>)	(21,260)	(596,837)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,958,272)	(457,763)	(1,137,332)	(10,278,703)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	8,234,894	862,242	53,703	9,043,433
Governmental activities, net	\$ 8,317,889	\$ 862,242	<u>\$ 136,698</u>	\$ 9,043,433
Business-type activities				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 106,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,551
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(94,145</u>)	(2,341)		(96,486)
Business-type activities, net	<u>\$ 12,406</u>	<u>\$ (2,341)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10,065</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$340,998
Instructional student support services	27,026
Administrative and financial support services	46,143
Operation and maintenance of plant services	31,921
Student activities	<u>11,675</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$457,763</u>
Business-type activities	
Food service	<u>\$ 2,341</u>

(5) INTERNAL TRANSFERS

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Transfers In	<u>Amount</u>	Transfers Out	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Projects Fund Food Service Fund	\$235,000 26,455	General Fund General Fund	\$235,000 26,455
1 000 Oct vice i una	\$261,45 <u>5</u>	Concrair und	\$261,455

Transfers represent monies to subsidize costs associated with capital expenditures and food service operations.

(6) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2018	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation debt					
Bonds payable	\$ 4,300,000	\$7,125,000	\$445,000	\$10,980,000	\$460,000
Notes payable	831,000	-	193,000	638,000	200,000
Bond premiums	680,056	-	57,277	622,779	57,277
Bond discounts		<u>(44,773</u>)	(2,239)	<u>(42,534</u>)	(2,239)
Total general					
obligation debt	<u>5,811,056</u>	7,080,227	693,038	12,198,245	715,038
Other noncurrent liabilities					
Early retirement incentive	97,000	130,000	39,400	187,600	119,400
Compensated absences	311,436	5,144	-	316,580	-
OPEB liability	509,623	53,704	136,523	426,804	-
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	1,130,844	3,994	-	1,134,838	-
Net pension liability - PSERS	26,017,000	1,492,342		27,509,342	
Total other noncurrent liabilities	28,065,903	1,685,184	175,923	29,575,164	119,400
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$33,876,959</u>	<u>\$8,765,411</u>	<u>\$868,961</u>	<u>\$41,773,409</u>	<u>\$834,438</u>

Noncurrent liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

(7) GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

General obligation debt is a direct obligation of the District from which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from unrestricted local sources. The District has not pledged any assets as collateral for general obligation debt. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior general obligation debt.

General obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

<u>Description</u>	Interest	Issue	Final	Principal
	<u>Rate(s)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding
General obligation notes Series of 2014 Series of 2017	2.00% - 2.75%	\$5,505,000	12/01/2025	3,855,000
	2.00% - 3.125%	\$7,125,000	05/15/2037	7,125,000
Total general obligation bonds	2.0070 - 0.12070	ψ1,123,000	00/10/2007	10,980,000
General obligation notes Series of 2001 Series of 2011	4.084%	\$3,000,000	09/25/2021	571,000
	1.585%	\$446,000	09/25/2018	67,000
Total general obligation notes				638,000
Total general obligation debt				<u>\$11,618,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 660,000	\$ 320,817	\$ 980,817
2020	609,000	305,555	914,555
2021	616,000	291,034	907,034
2022	643,000	276,206	919,206
2023	500,000	259,769	759,769
2024-2028	2,690,000	1,109,512	3,799,512
2029-2033	3,090,000	713,915	3,803,915
2034-2037	2,810,000	220,408	3,030,408
	<u>\$11,618,000</u>	<u>\$3,497,216</u>	<u>\$15,115,216</u>

General Obligation Bonds Series of 2017

On December 28, 2017, the District issued \$7,125,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2017. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to (1) finance the designing, renovating, furnishing, and equipping of health, life safety, Americans with Disabilities Act and code items at the Morrisville Intermediate/High School and Grandview Elementary School and (2) to pay for the costs of issuance. Principal is due May 15 each year and the issue's final maturity date is May 15, 2037. The bonds are payable in periodic installments and bear interest payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 at rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.125%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Interest Rate Management Plan

The General Obligation Notes of the District have been issued to the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority ("DVRFA"). The DVRFA was formed by certain counties in Southeastern Pennsylvania to provide financing to local government units ("participants") for various projects. DVRFA obtained the funds used to finance these projects by issuing its Local Government Revenue Bonds. In order to reduce the interest costs of participants in its loan program and to enhance their ability to manage their interest rate risks, DVRFA and the participants in its loan program, including the District, have entered into an Interest Rate Management Plan, the provisions of which allow the participants to select fixed or variable rates of interest on their loans. In order to provide this option to the participants, DVRFA has entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a financial institution. In the event that the swap agreement between DVRFA and the financial institution is terminated and the value of the swap to DVRFA at the time of termination is a liability, the participants are required to pay their proportionate share of the liability. The value of the swap agreement relative to the General Obligation Notes at June 30, 2018 was an asset of \$55,724. The value of the swap agreement relative to the General Obligation Notes is not reflected on the District's statement of net position (deficit).

(8) EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PLANS

The District from time to time offers additional retirement incentives known as early retirement incentive plans ("ERIP") to senior professional staff and administrators contemplating retirement. There is a contractual requirement for the District to offer an ERIP incentive within the current collective bargaining agreement which expires June 30, 2018. An ERIP is formally approved by School Board action in the year an ERIP plan is implemented.

In order for an employee to retire and participate in a District sponsored ERIP, the District must first decide whether or not to offer an ERIP in the year the employee is retiring and a specified minimum number of employees must opt into the ERIP. The District's various ERIP plans provide for the payment of specific annuity amounts to the participating retiree or the payment of a specified dollar amount to be applied toward participating retiree healthcare premiums through Medicare eligible age.

The District's liability for its ERIP plans has been reported at the discounted present value of expected future benefit payments in the government-wide financial statements. For the year ended June 30, 2018, 4 retirees received benefits under the District's ERIP plans and the District paid \$39,400 in ERIP benefits to retirees.

(9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Single-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The District's other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides medical and life insurance to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The OPEB Plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

OPEB Plan Membership

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2017:

Active participants	133
Vested former participants	<u>-</u>
Retired participants	5
Total	<u>138</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Funding Policy

The District's contributions are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of retirees are established and may be amended by the School Board.

OPEB Liability

The District's OPEB liability has been measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, and by rolling forward the liabilities from the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation through the measurement date. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The OPEB liability is \$426,804, all of which is unfunded. As of June 30, 2018, the OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

The District's change in its OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Balances as of July 1, 2017	<u>\$509,623</u>
Changes for the year: Service cost	40.612
Interest on total OPEB liability	13,092
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	(91,354) <u>(45,169</u>)
Net changes	<u>(82,819)</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$426,804</u>

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$136,633. At June 30, 2018, the District had deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 48.105	\$85,644
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$48,105	 \$85.644

\$48,105 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ (5,710)
2020	(5,710)
2022	(5,710)
2022	(5,710)
2023	(5,710)
Thereafter	<u>(57,094</u>)
	<u>\$(85,644)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability for June 30,2018, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB liability	<u>\$377,468</u>	\$426,804	<u>\$486,735</u>

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 3.13%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 	Rate <u>3.13%</u>	1% Increase 4.13%	
OPEB Liability	<u>\$459,915</u>	<u>\$426,804</u>	<u>\$395,815</u>	

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

The OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined by rolling forward the OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal
- Discount rate 3.13% Standard and Poors 20 year municipal bond rate. The discount rate changed from 2.49% to 3.13%.
- Salary growth effective average of 6.25%, comprised of inflation of 2.50%, 1.00% for real wage growth and 0.00% to 2.75% for merit or seniority increases.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends 6.00% in 2017 and 5.50% in 2018 through 2023.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

PSERS provides health insurance premium assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of- pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2017 there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the health insurance premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the PSERS' health options program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2017 there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.83% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$65,151 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,134,838 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.0557 percent, which was an increase of 0.0032 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2018, the net OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$7,399. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$53,000
Net difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings	1,000	-
Changes in proportions	59,000	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>65,151</u>	
	\$125,151	\$53,000

\$65,151 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$1,000
2019	1,000
2020	1,000
2021	1,000
2022	1,000
Thereafter	_2,000
	<u>\$7,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' OPEB liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 3.13% Standard & Poors 20 year municipal bond rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Participation rate:

- Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre age 65 at 50%
- Eligible retirees will elect to participate post age 65 at 70%

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2017.
- Cost method amount necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- · Asset valuation method: market value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 combined healthy annuitant tables with
 age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For
 disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 combined disabled tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3
 years for females and disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 combined healthy
 annuitant tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25%
 males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the OPEB plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB – Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Cash	76.40%	0.60% 1.50%
Fixed income	<u>23.60</u> % <u>100.00</u> %	1.50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 3.13%. Under the OPEB plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of health insurance premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of health insurance premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The health insurance premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the OPEB plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 3.13% which represents the Standard & Poors 20 year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2017, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual health insurance premium assistance. As of June 30, 2017, retirees health insurance premium assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The healthcare insurance premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on healthcare cost trends as depicted below.

The following presents the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2017, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what net OPEB liability would be if it health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's proportionate share of			
the OPEB liability	<u>\$1,134,542</u>	<u>\$1,134,838</u>	<u>\$1,135,076</u>

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.13%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.13%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.13%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease 2.13%	Rate 3.13%	1% Increase 4.13%
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	<u>\$1,290,010</u>	<u>\$1,134,838</u>	\$1,005,937

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

(10) PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System (*"PSERS"*) is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 31.74% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,491,435 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$27,509,342 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.0557 percent, which was an increase of 0.0032 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2018, the net pension liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized negative pension expense of \$150,693. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual experience	\$ 287,000	\$166,000
Changes in assumptions	747,000	-
Difference between expected and actual		
investment earnings	637,000	-
Changes in proportions	1,895,000	816,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,491,435	
	<u>\$6,057,435</u>	\$982,000

\$2,491,435 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

8	\$	431,000
9	Ψ	927,000
0	1	1,025,000
1		201,000
	\$2	2,584,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by rolling forward PSERS's total pension liability as the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global public equity	20.00 %	5.10%
Fixed income	36.00 %	2.60%
Commodities	8.00 %	3.00%
Absolute return	10.00 %	3.40%
Risk parity	10.00 %	3.80%
Infrastructure/MLPs	8.00 %	4.80%
Real estate	10.00 %	3.60%
Alternative investments	15.00 %	6.20%
Cash	3.00 %	0.60%
Financing (LIBOR)	<u>(20.00</u>)%	1.10%
	<u>100.0</u> %	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) that the current rate:

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease 6.25%	Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$33,861,607	\$27,509,342	\$22,146,232	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the system's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

(11) LEASES

Lessee

The District leases office equipment under non-cancelable leases expiring at various dates through August 2019. Rent expense for the office equipment was \$26,743 for 2017-2018.

Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are \$25,561 for 2019 and \$1,992 for 2020.

(12) JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Bucks County Technical High School

The District and five other Bucks County school districts participate in the Bucks County Technical High School (the "BCTHS"). The BCTHS provides vocational-technical training and education to students of the participating school districts. The BCTHS is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts. District oversight of the BCTHS operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of operating costs for the BCTHS fluctuates based on the District's percentage of enrollment. The District share of operating costs for 2017-2018 was \$684,283.

Bucks County Technical School Authority

The District and five other Bucks County school districts also participate in a joint venture for the operation of the Bucks County Technical School Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority oversees acquiring, holding, constructing, improving and maintaining the BCTHS school buildings. The Authority is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts in the BCTHS. The participating school districts have entered into a long-term lease agreement with the Authority to provide rental payments sufficient to retire the Authority's outstanding debt obligations. The agreement expires on August 15, 2018 unless the related debt is retired earlier. The District's share of rent expense for 2017-2018 was \$87,413.

The District's annual lease rental payments are as follows:

Year ending June 30,

2019 \$84,348

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Both the BCTHS and the Authority prepare financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices located at 610 Wistar Road, Fairless Hills, PA 19030.

Bucks County Intermediate Unit

The District and the other Bucks County school districts are participating members of the Bucks County Intermediate Unit (the "BCIU"). The BCIU is a regional educational service agency, established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which is governed by a joint committee consisting of School Board members from each participating district. The School Board of each participating district must approve the annual operating budget of the BCIU but the participating districts have no ongoing fiduciary interest or responsibility to the BCIU. The BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides a broad array of services to participating districts which include: curriculum development and instructional improvement; educational planning services; instructional material; continuing professional development; pupil personnel services; management services and state and federal liaison services.

(13) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Government Grants and Awards

The District receives federal, state and local funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various matters of litigation and claims. These matters result from the normal course of business. It is not presently possible to determine the ultimate outcome or settlement cost, if any of these matters.

(14) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs including workers compensation. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during 2017-2018. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The District participates in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies from Montgomery and Bucks County to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription insurance coverage and related expenses for eligible employees, spouses and dependents. Accordingly benefit payments plus an administrative charge are made to a third party administrator, who approves and processes all claims. Since the District has not transferred its risk to the other participants in the consortium, GASB requires that it recognize and measure its claims, liabilities and related expenses. The District accounts for its participation in the consortium in an Internal Service Fund in the accompanying financial statements. The following table presents the components of the self-insurance medical claims liability and the related changes in the claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Insurance claims surplus (liability) – beginning of year	\$ 14,563	\$ 161,702
Current year insurance claims and changes in estimates	1,217,410	1,337,409
Insurance claims paid	<u>(1,001,832</u>)	<u>(1,484,548</u>)
Insurance claims surplus (liability) – end of year	<u>\$ 230,141</u>	<u>\$ 14,563</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

(15) PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, the District made a prior period adjustment to record its OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources related to employer OPEB contributions. This prior period adjustment and its effect on net position at July 1, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Net position (deficit) at June 30, 2016, as previously stated	\$(17,021,759)	\$21,125	\$(17,000,634)
Prior period adjustment to To adjust single employer OPEB liability	(72.045)		(72.045)
to reflect unfunded actuarial liability To record deferred inflows of resources	(73,845)	-	(73,845)
related to single employer OPEB liability	(91,354)	-	(91,354)
To record PSERS net OPEB liability To record deferred outflows of resources	(1,130,844)	-	(1,130,844)
related to PSERS net OPEB liability	60,758		60,758
Net position (deficit) at June 30, 2016, as restated	<u>\$(18,257,044</u>)	<u>\$21,125</u>	<u>\$(18,235,919</u>)

(16) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2018, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2018 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 12,430,710	\$ 12,430,710	\$ 12,145,982	\$ (284,728)
State sources	6,482,448	7,482,448	7,547,633	65,185
Federal sources	1,104,982	1,104,982	949,055	(155,927)
Total revenues	20,018,140	21,018,140	20,642,670	(375,470)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular programs	7,657,186	7,906,968	7,692,455	214,513
Special programs	5,059,174	5,059,174	6,392,342	(1,333,168)
Vocational programs	826,513	826,513	943,048	(116,535)
Other instructional programs	11,229	11,229	17,537	(6,308)
Nonpublic school programs	8,023	8,023	7,923	100
Pre-kindergarten	472,500	472,500	603,687	(131,187)
Total instruction	14,034,625	14,284,407	15,656,992	(1,372,585)
Support services				
Pupil support services	914,315	1,021,150	871,617	149,533
Instructional staff services	116,507	116,507	134,388	(17,881)
Administrative services	1,160,376	1,160,376	1,190,688	(30,312)
Pupil health	206,832	206,832	186,844	19,988
Business services	560,816	519,921	468,855	51,066
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,293,122	1,324,999	1,465,635	(140,636)
Student transportation services	488,306	488,306	457,169	31,137
Support services - central	351,602	403,602	459,132	(55,530)
Other support services	40,000	40,000	48,035	(8,035)
Total support services	5,131,876	5,281,693	5,282,363	(670)
Operation of noninstructional services				
Student activities	374,227	374,227	536,062	(161,835)
Community services	85,569	85,569	54,266	31,303
Total operation of noninstructional services	459,796	459,796	590,328	(130,532)
Debt service	846,000	846,000	838,311	7,689
Total expenditures	20,472,297	20,871,896	22,367,994	(1,496,098)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(454,157)	146,244	(1,725,324)	(1,871,568)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Refund of prior year receipts	-	-	(4,110)	(4,110)
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	-	-	235,000	235,000
Transfers out			(261,455)	(261,455)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(30,565)	(30,565)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (454,157)</u>	\$ 146,244	(1,755,889)	<u>\$ (1,902,133)</u>
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year			2,566,142	
End of year			\$ 810,253	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net	0.0557%	0.0525%	0.0497%	0.0537%
pension liability	\$ 27,509,342	\$ 26,017,000	\$ 21,528,000	\$ 21,255,000
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 7,419,744	\$ 6,794,762	\$ 6,390,711	\$ 6,851,026
payroll	371%	383%	337%	310%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52%	50%	54%	57%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,130,474	\$ 1,670,000	\$ 1,283,000	\$ 1,070,000
contractually required contribution	2,130,474	1,670,000	1,283,000	1,096,350
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	(26,350)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$7,419,744	\$6,794,762	\$6,390,711	\$6,851,026
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29%	25%	20%	16%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY - SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Year ended June 30

		2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	•	10.010
Service cost	\$	40,612
Interest on total OPEB liability		13,092
Changes of assumptions		(91,354)
Benefit payments		(45,169)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(82,819)
Total OPEB liability, beginning		509,623
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	426,804
Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 7	7,689,807
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		6%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY -PSERS

Year ended June 30

	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0557%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,134,838
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,419,744
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	
OPEB liability	6%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 48,494 48,494
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$7,419,744
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

Year ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source <u>Code</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2017	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2018	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Education</u>											
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-170267	07/01/16 - 09/30/17	\$178,130	\$ 32,801	\$ 32,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-180267	07/01/17 - 09/30/18	180,388	130,021		180,388	180,388	50,367	
Total CFDA #84.010						162,822	32,801	180,388	180,388	50,367	
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-160267	07/01/16 - 09/30/17	44,645	8,760	8,760	-	-	-	-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-170267	07/01/17 - 09/30/18	37,640	27,130		37,640	37,640	10,510	
Total CFDA #84.367						35,890	8,760	37,640	37,640	10,510	
Title III - Language Instruction LEP/											
Immigrant Students	I	84.365	010-170267	07/01/16 - 09/30/17	11,546	2,309	2,309				
Title IV - Student Support and											
Academic Achievement	I	84.424	144-180267	07/01/17 - 09/30/18	10,000	7,143		10,000	10,000	2,857	
21st Century Community Learning Centers	1	84.287	#41-000071647	01/01/17 - 12/31/17	399,600	257,762	76,416	181,346	181,346	-	180,476
21st Century Community Learning Centers	1	84.287	#41-000071647	01/01/18 - 12/31/18	399,600	87,215	-	117,947	117,947	30,732	81,215
21st Century Community Learning Centers	I	84.287	#41-000078112	10/01/17 - 09/30/18	399,600	156,733		207,363	207,363	50,630	152,887
Total CFDA #84.287						501,710	76,416	506,656	506,656	81,362	414,578
Passed Through the Bucks County I.U.											
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	1	84.027	062-180022	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	204,520	204,520		204,520	204,520		
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	1	84.173	131-170022	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	588	588		588	588		
Total U.S. Department of Education						914,982	120,286	939,792	939,792	145,096	414,578

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant Amount	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2017	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2018	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Health and Social Services		<u>itamber</u>	<u> 14dillibel</u>	Enamy Dutes	Amount	101 1041		recognized	Experientares	2010	<u>Oubreeipients</u>
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education											
Medical Assistance Program	1	93.778	N/A	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	N/A	5,546		5,546	5,546		
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education											
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/16 - 06/30/17	N/A	2,179	2,179	-	-	-	-
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	N/A	12,180		14,683	14,683	2,503	
Total State Matching Share						14,359	2,179	14,683	14,683	2,503	
Breakfast Program	ı	10.553	N/A	07/01/16 - 06/30/17	N/A	8,399	8,399	-	_	-	-
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	N/A	44,478		52,973	52,973	8,495	<u> </u>
Total CFDA #10.553						52,877	8,399	52,973	52,973	8,495	
National School Lunch Program	ı	10.555	N/A	07/01/16 - 06/30/17	N/A	38,425	38,425	-	-	-	-
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	N/A	222,758	-	267,158	267,158	44,400	-
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/17 - 06/30/18	N/A	18,848		18,848	18,848		
Total CFDA #10.555						280,031	38,425	286,006	286,006	44,400	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						347,267	49,003	353,662	353,662	55,398	
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$1,267,795	<u>\$169,289</u>	\$1,299,000	\$ 1,299,000	\$ 200,494	<u>\$ 414,578</u>
Total Federal Awards Total State Awards						\$1,253,436 14,359	\$167,110 2,179	\$ 1,284,317 14,683	\$ 1,284,317 14,683	\$ 197,991 2,503	\$ 414,578 <u>-</u>
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$1,267,795	\$169,289	\$1,299,000	\$ 1,299,000	\$ 200,494	\$414,578
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) (CFDA's #84.027 and	d #84.173)					\$ 205,108	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 205,108	\$ 205,108		
Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA's #10.553, #10.555 and #	# 10.559)					\$ 332,908	\$ 46,824	\$ 338,979	\$ 338,979	\$ 52,895	<u>\$ -</u>

							Accrued			Accrued	
			Pass-				(Deferred)			(Deferred)	Passed
		Federal	Through	Grant Period		Total	Revenue			Revenue	Through
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Source	CFDA	Grantor's	Beginning/	Grant	Received	July 1,	Revenue		June 30,	to
Grantor/Project Title	Code	Number	Number	Ending Dates	Amount	for Year	2017	Recognized	Expenditures	2018	<u>Subrecipients</u>

Source Codes
D - Direct Funding

I - Indirect Funding S - State Share

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

June 30, 2018

(1) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

(2) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note 3. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

(3) NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants under CFDA #10.555, USDA Donated Commodities, represent federal surplus food consumed by the District during the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

(4) ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$3,717.

(5) INDIRECT COSTS

The District has expended amounts claimed as an indirect cost recovery using an approved indirect cost rate. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30,	2018

There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2017.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District of Borough of Morrisville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 12, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("*Uniform Guidance*"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District of Borough of Morrisville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District of Borough of Morrisville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 12, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville are reported in the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal award programs are reported in the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the School District of Borough of Morrisville expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:
 - 21st Century Community Learning Centers CFDA Number 84.287
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The School District of Borough of Morrisville did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS—MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None